SAFETY DATA SHEET
(in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2020/878)

TRG SUPER COLOR

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING.

1.1 Product identifier.

Product Name: TRG SUPER COLOR

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against.

Changes the colour, even white to black. For leather and syinthetic leather. Not suitable for suede or nubuck.

Uses advised against:
Uses other than those recommended.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet.

Company: **TRG BESTNETS, S.L.**
Address: Sant Antoni Maria Claret, 6
City: 08271 - Artés
Province: BARCELONA
Telephone: (+34) 93 830 64 42
Fax: (+34) 93 830 64 43
E-mail: info@trg-bestnets.com
Web: https://www.trg-theone.com/

1.4 Emergency telephone number: (+34) 93 830 64 42 (Only available during office hours; Monday-Friday; 08:00-18:00)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION.

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture.
In accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:
Aerosol 1 : Pressurised container: May burst if heated.
Eye Irrit. 2 : Causes serious eye irritation.
STOT SE 3 : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

2.2 Label elements.
Labelling in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:
Pictograms:

Signal Word:
Danger
Hazard statements:

H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.
H229	Pressurised container: May burst if heated.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H315	Causes skin irritation.

Precautionary statements:

P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P211	Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
P251	Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
P261	Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection/…
P403+P233	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
P410+P412	Protect from sunlight. Do no expose to temperatures exceeding 50 oC/122oF.

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EUH statements:
EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
EUH018 In use may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture.

Contains:
acetone, propan-2-one, propanone
ethyl acetate

2.3 Other hazards.

The mixture does not contain substances classified as PBT.
The mixture does not contain substances classified as vPvB.
The mixture does not contain any endocrine disrupting properties substances.

In normal use conditions and in its original form, the product itself does not involve any other risk for health and the environment.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS.

3.1 Substances.
Not Applicable.

3.2 Mixtures.
Substances posing a danger to health or the environment in accordance with the Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008, assigned a Community exposure limit in the workplace, and classified as PBT/vPvB or included in the Candidate List:

Identifiers	Name	Concentrate	(*)Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008	
			Classification	Specifics concentration limits and Acute toxicity estimate
Index No: 601-003-00-5 CAS No: 74-98-6 EC No: 200-827-9 Registration No: 01-2119486944-21-XXXX	[2] propane	25 - 50 %	Flam. Gas 1A, H220	-
Index No: 606-001-00-8 CAS No: 67-64-1 EC No: 200-662-2 Registration No: 01-2119471330-49-XXXX	[1] [2] acetone, propan-2-one, propanone	20 - 50 %	Eye Irrit. 2, H319 - Flam. Liq. 2, H225 - STOT SE 3, H336	-
Index No: 607-022-00-5 CAS No: 141-78-6 EC No: 205-500-4 Registration No: 01-2119475103-46-XXXX	[1] [2] ethyl acetate	10 - 20 %	Eye Irrit. 2, H319 - Flam. Liq. 2, H225 - STOT SE 3, H336	-
Index No: 601-004-00-0 CAS No: 106-97-8 EC No: 203-448-7 Registration No: 01-2119474691-32-XXXX	[2] butane	2.5 - 25 %	Flam. Gas 1A, H220	-
CAS No: 13463-67-7 EC No: 236-675-5 Registration No: 01-2119489379-17-XXXX	[2] Titanium dioxide	0 - 2.5 %	-	-
Index No: 603-016-00-1 CAS No: 123-42-2 EC No: 204-626-7 Registration No: 01-2119473975-21-XXXX	[2] 4-hydroxy-4-methylpentan-2-one, diacetone alcohol	1 - 10 %	Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Eye Irrit. 2, H319: C ≥ 10 %

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Index No: 607-195-00-7 CAS No: 108-65-6 EC No: 203-603-9 Registration No: 01-2119475791-29-XXXX	[1] [2] 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	0 - 2.5 %	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 - STOT SE 3, H336	-
Index No: 601-022-00-9 CAS No: 1330-20-7 EC No: 215-535-7 Registration No: 01-2119488216-32-XXXX	[1] [2] xylene	1 - 10 %	Acute Tox. 4 *, H312 - Acute Tox. 4 *, H332 - Flam. Liq. 3, H226 - Skin Irrit. 2, H315	-

(*) *The complete text of the H phrases is given in section 16 of this Safety Data Sheet.*
** See Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008, Annex VI, section 1.2.*
[1] Substance with a European Union exposure limit in the workplace (see section 8.1).
[2] Substance with a national workplace exposure limit (see section 8.1).

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES.

4.1 Description of first aid measures.
In case of doubt or when symptoms of feeling unwell persist, get medical attention. Never administer anything orally to persons who are unconscious.

Inhalation.
Take the victim into open air; keep them warm and calm. If breathing is irregular or stops, perform artificial respiration. Do not administer anything orally. If unconscious, place them in a suitable position and seek medical assistance.

Eye contact.
Remove contact lenses, if present and if it is easy to do. Wash eyes with plenty of clean and cool water for at least 10 minutes while pulling eyelids up, and seek medical assistance. Dont let the person to rub the affected eye.

Skin contact.
Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin vigorously with water and soap or a suitable skin cleaner. NEVER use solvents or thinners.

Ingestion.
If accidentally ingested, seek immediate medical attention. Keep calm. NEVER induce vomiting.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed.
Irritant Product, repeated or prolonged contact with skin or mucous membranes can cause redness, blisters or dermatitis, inhalation of spray mist or particles in suspension may cause irritation of the respiratory tract, some symptoms may not be immediate.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed.
In case of doubt or when symptoms of feeling unwell persist, get medical attention. Never administer anything orally to persons who are unconscious. Cover the affected area with a dry sterile bandage. Protect the affected area from pressure or friction.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES.

In case of fire, as a general hazard, heat can cause containers to explode.
The product is Extremely inflammable, it can cause or considerably worsen a fire, the necessary prevention measures should be taken and risks avoided. In case of fire, the following measures are recommended:

5.1 Extinguishing media.
Suitable extinguishing media:
Extinguisher powder or CO_2.

Unsuitable extinguishing media:
Do not use a direct stream of water to extinguish. In the presence of electrical voltage, you cannot use water or foam as extinguishing media.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture.
Special risks.

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Exposure to combustion or decomposition products can be harmful to your health.

During a fire and depending on its magnitude the following may occur:
- Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide.
- Flammable vapors or gases.
- Explosions.

5.3 Advice for firefighters.
Use water to cool tanks, cisterns, or containers close to the heat source or fire. Take wind direction into account. Prevent the products used to fight the fire from going into drains, sewers, or waterways. Follow the instructions given in the emergency or fire evacuation plan or plans if available. Move containers away from the area if there is no danger in doing so. Keep away from containers and continue cooling them from a safe place. Stop the leak if this can be done safely and do not put out fire until the leak has been closed off. If it is not possible to keep the fire under control, leave the area and let it burn.

Fire protection equipment.
According to the size of the fire, it may be necessary to use protective suits against the heat, individual breathing equipment, gloves, protective goggles or facemasks, and boots. During extinction and depending on the magnitude and proximity to the fire, additional protective equipment such as chemical protection gloves, heat-reflecting suits or gas-tight suits may be required.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES.

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures.
Eliminate possible ignition points and ventilate the area. No smoking. Avoid breathing fumes. Isolate the area and ensure adequate ventilation. Stockpiling in basements, pits or any confined space or depressed area can be hazardous. For exposure control and individual protection measures, see section 8.

6.2 Environmental precautions.
Product not classified as hazardous for the environment, avoid spillage as much as possible.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up.
Use soapsuds to detect small leaks. Stop the leak if this can be done safely. Ensure adequate ventilation to prevent the accumulation of gases or vapours.

En caso de que el gas condense:
Contain and collect spillage with inert absorbent material (earth, sand, vermiculite, Kieselguhr...) and clean the area immediately with a suitable decontaminant. Deposit waste in closed and suitable containers for disposal, in compliance with local and national regulations (see section 13).

6.4 Reference to other sections.
For exposure control and individual protection measures, see section 8.
For later elimination of waste, follow the recommendations under section 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE.

7.1 Precautions for safe handling.
The fumes are heavier than air and can spread across the ground. They can form explosive mixtures with air. Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive fume concentrations in the air; prevent fume concentrations above work exposure limits. The product must only be used in areas where all unprotected flames and other ignition points have been eliminated. Electrical equipment has to be protected according to applicable standards.
The product can be electrostatically charged: always use earth grounds when transferring the product. Operators must use anti-static footwear and clothing, and floors must be conductors.
Keep the container tightly closed and isolated from heat sources, sparks, and fire. Do not use tools that can cause sparks. For personal protection, see section 8.
In the application area, smoking, eating, and drinking must be prohibited.
Follow legislation on occupational health and safety.
Pressurised gases must be handled by suitably trained and experienced individuals. Use equipment suitable for supply pressure and temperature. Protect containers against physical damage and keep valves clean and in perfect condition. Do not tamper with original packaging.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities.
Store according to local legislation. Observe indications on the label. Store the containers between 5 and 25 º C, in a dry and well-ventilated place, far from sources of heat and direct solar light. Keep far away from ignition points. Keep away from oxidising

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agents and from highly acidic or alkaline materials. Do not smoke. Prevent the entry of non-authorised persons. It must not be stored under conditions conducive to corrosion of the container. Protect containers against physical damage and inspect them regularly to ensure they are in good condition.

The product is not affected by Directive 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III).

7.3 Specific end use(s).
Not available.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION.

8.1 Control parameters.

Work exposure limit for:

Name	CAS No.	Country	Limit value	ppm	mg/m³
propane	74-98-6	United States [1] (Cal/OSHA)	**Eight hours**	1000	
			Short term		
		United States [2] (NIOSH)	**Eight hours**	1000	
			Short term		
		United States [3] (OSHA)	**Eight hours**	1000	1800
			Short term		
acetone, propan-2-one, propanone	67-64-1	European Union [4]	**Eight hours**	500	1210
			Short term		
		United Kingdom [5]	**Eight hours**	500	1210
			Short term	1500	3620
		Éire [6]	**Eight hours**	500	1210
			Short term		
		United States [1] (Cal/OSHA)	**Eight hours**	500	
			Short term	750 (Ceiling) 3000	
		United States [2] (NIOSH)	**Eight hours**	250	
			Short term		
		United States [3] (OSHA)	**Eight hours**	1000	2400
			Short term		
ethyl acetate	141-78-6	European Union [4]	**Eight hours**	200	734
			Short term	400	1468
		United Kingdom [5]	**Eight hours**	200	
			Short term	400	
		Éire [6]	**Eight hours**	200	734
			Short term	400	1468
		United States [1] (Cal/OSHA)	**Eight hours**	400	
			Short term		
		United States [2] (NIOSH)	**Eight hours**	400	
			Short term		
		United States [3] (OSHA)	**Eight hours**	400	1400
			Short term		
butane	106-97-8	United Kingdom [5]	**Eight hours**	600	1450
			Short term	750	1810
		Éire [6]	**Eight hours**		
			Short term	1000	
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	United Kingdom [5]	**Eight hours**		10 (total inhalable)
			Short term		
		Éire [6]	**Eight hours**		10 (Inhalable dust) 4 (Respirable dust)
			Short term		
4-hydroxy-4-methylpentan-2-one,	123-42-2	United	**Eight hours**	50	241

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diacetone alcohol		Kingdom [5]	**Short term**	75	362
		Éire [6]	**Eight hours**	50	240
			Short term		
		United States [1] (Cal/OSHA)	**Eight hours**	50	
			Short term		
		United States [2] (NIOSH)	**Eight hours**	50	
			Short term		
		United States [3] (OSHA)	**Eight hours**	50	240
			Short term		
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	108-65-6	European Union [4]	**Eight hours**	50 (skin)	275 (skin)
			Short term	100 (skin)	550 (skin)
		United Kingdom [5]	**Eight hours**	50	274
			Short term	100	548
		Éire [6]	**Eight hours**	50	275
			Short term	100	550
xylene	1330-20-7	European Union [4]	**Eight hours**	50 (skin)	221 (skin)
			Short term	100 (skin)	442 (skin)
		United Kingdom [5]	**Eight hours**	50	220
			Short term	100	441
		Éire [6]	**Eight hours**	50	221
			Short term	100	442
		United States [1] (Cal/OSHA)	**Eight hours**	100	
			Short term	150 (Ceiling) 300	
		United States [2] (NIOSH)	**Eight hours**	100	
			Short term	150	
		United States [3] (OSHA)	**Eight hours**	100	435
			Short term		

[1] California Division of Occupational Safety and Health (Cal/OSHA) Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs).
[2] National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health. NIOSH Recommendations for occupational safety and health, Compendium of Policy Documents and Statements, January, 1992, DHHS (NIOSH) Publication No. 92-100.
[3] Occupational Safety and Health Administration, United States Department of Labor. Permissible Exposure limits (PELs), California Division of Occupational Safety and Health (Cal/OSHA) Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs).
[4] According both Binding Occupational Esposure Limits (BOELVs) and Indicative Occupational Exposure Limits (IOELVs) adopted by Scientific Committee for Occupational Exposure Limits to Chemical Agents (SCOEL).
[5] According Limit Value (IOELV) list in 2nd Indicative Occupational Exposure adobted by Health and Safety Executive.
[6] According Code of Practice for the Safety, Health and Welfare at Work (Chemicals Agents) Regulations adopted by Health and Safety Authority (HSA).
The product does NOT contain substances with Biological Limit Values.
Concentration levels DNEL/DMEL:

Name	DNEL/DMEL	Type	Value
acetone, propan-2-one, propanone CAS No: 67-64-1 EC No: 200-662-2	DNEL (Workers)	Inhalation, Chronic, Systemic effects	1210 (mg/m³)
	DNEL (Consumers)	Inhalation, Chronic, Systemic effects	200 (mg/m³)
	DNEL (Workers)	Inhalation, Short term, Local effects	2420 (mg/m³)
	DNEL (Workers)	Dermal, Chronic, Systemic effects	186 (mg/kg bw/day)
	DNEL (Consumers)	Dermal, Chronic, Systemic effects	62 (mg/kg bw/day)
	DNEL (Consumers)	Oral, Chronic, Systemic effects	62 (mg/kg bw/day)
ethyl acetate CAS No: 141-78-6 EC No: 205-500-4	DNEL (Workers)	Inhalation, Chronic, Systemic effects	734 (mg/m³)
	DNEL (Workers)	Inhalation, Chronic, Local effects	734 (mg/m³)
	DNEL (Consumers)	Inhalation, Chronic, Local effects	367 (mg/m³)
	DNEL (Workers)	Inhalation, Short term, Local effects	1468 (mg/m³)

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	DNEL (Consumers)	Inhalation, Short term, Local effects	734 (mg/m³)
	DNEL (Workers)	Dermal, Chronic, Systemic effects	63 (mg/kg bw/day)
	DNEL (Consumers)	Dermal, Chronic, Systemic effects	37 (mg/kg bw/day)
Titanium dioxide CAS No: 13463-67-7 EC No: 236-675-5	DNEL (Workers)	Inhalation, Chronic, Local effects	10 (mg/m³)
4-hydroxy-4-methylpentan-2-one, diacetone alcohol CAS No: 123-42-2 EC No: 204-626-7	DNEL (Workers)	Inhalation, Chronic, Local effects	66,4 (mg/m³)
	DNEL (Workers)	Inhalation, Chronic, Systemic effects	66,4 (mg/m³)
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate CAS No: 108-65-6 EC No: 203-603-9	DNEL (Workers)	Inhalation, Chronic, Systemic effects	275 (mg/m³)
	DNEL (Consumers)	Inhalation, Chronic, Systemic effects	33 (mg/m³)
	DNEL (Workers)	Dermal, Chronic, Systemic effects	153,5 (mg/kg bw/day)
	DNEL (Consumers)	Dermal, Chronic, Systemic effects	54,8 (mg/kg bw/day)
	DNEL (Consumers)	Oral, Chronic, Systemic effects	1,67 (mg/kg bw/day)
xylene CAS No: 1330-20-7 EC No: 215-535-7	DNEL (Workers)	Inhalation, Chronic, Systemic effects	77 (mg/m³)

DNEL: Derived No Effect Level, level of exposure to the substance below which adverse effects are not anticipated.
DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level, exposure level corresponding to a low risk, that risk should be considered a tolerable minimum.
Concentration levels PNEC:

Name	Details	Value
acetone, propan-2-one, propanone CAS No: 67-64-1 EC No: 200-662-2	aqua (freshwater)	10,6 (mg/L)
	aqua (marine water)	1,06 (mg/L)
	aqua (intermittent releases)	21 (mg/L)
	STP	100 (mg/L)
	sediment (freshwater)	30,04 (mg/kg sediment dw)
	sediment (marine water)	3,04 (mg/kg sediment dw)
	soil	29,5 (mg/kg soil dw)
ethyl acetate CAS No: 141-78-6 EC No: 205-500-4	aqua (freshwater)	0,24 (mg/L)
	aqua (marine water)	0,024 (mg/L)
	aqua (intermittent releases)	1,65 (mg/L)
	sediment (freshwater)	1,15 (mg/L)
	sediment (marine water)	0,115 (mg/L)
	Soil	0,148 (mg/kg soil dw)
	STP	650 (mg/L)
	oral (Hazard for predators)	0,2 (g/kg food)
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate CAS No: 108-65-6 EC No: 203-603-9	aqua (freshwater)	0,635 (mg/L)
	aqua (marine water)	0,0635 (mg/L)
	aqua (intermittent releases)	6,35 (mg/L)
	STP	100 (mg/L)
	sediment (freshwater)	3,29 (mg/kg sediment dw)
	sediment (marine water)	0,329 (mg/kg sediment dw)

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	soil	0,29 (mg/kg soil dw)

PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration, concentration of the substance below which adverse effects are not expected in the environmental compartment.

8.2 Exposure controls.

Measures of a technical nature:
Provide adequate ventilation, which can be achieved by using good local exhaust-ventilation and a good general exhaust system.

Concentration:	**100 %**
Uses:	**Changes the colour, even white to black. For leather and syinthetic leather. Not suitable for suede or nubuck.**
Breathing protection:	
PPE:	Filter mask for protection against gases and particles.
Characteristics:	«CE» marking, category III. The mask must have a wide field of vision and an anatomically designed form in order to be sealed and watertight.
CEN standards:	EN 136, EN 140, EN 405
Maintenance:	Should not be stored in places exposed to high temperatures and damp environments before use. Special attention should be paid to the state of the inhalation and exhalation valves in the face adaptor.
Observations:	Read carefully the manufacturer's instructions regarding the equipment's use and maintenance. Attach the necessary filters to the equipment according to the specific nature of the risk (Particles and aerosols: P1-P2-P3, Gases and vapours: A-B-E-K-AX), changing them as advised by the manufacturer.
Filter Type needed:	A2
Hand protection:	
PPE:	Work gloves.
Characteristics:	«CE» marking, category I.
CEN standards:	EN 374-1, En 374-2, EN 374-3, EN 420
Maintenance:	Keep in a dry place, away from any sources of heat, and avoid exposure to sunlight as much as possible. Do not make any changes to the gloves that may alter their resistance, or apply paints, solvents or adhesives.
Observations:	Gloves should be of the appropriate size and fit the user's hand well, not being too loose or too tight. Always use with clean, dry hands.

Material:	PVC (polyvinyl chloride)	Breakthrough time (min.):	> 480	Material thickness (mm):	0,35

Eye protection:	
PPE:	Face shield.
Characteristics:	«CE» marking, category II. Face and eye protector against splashing liquid.
CEN standards:	EN 165, EN 166, EN 167, EN 168
Maintenance:	Visibility through lenses should be ideal. Therefore, these parts should be cleaned daily. Protectors should be disinfected periodically following the manufacturer's instructions. Make sure that mobile parts move smoothly.
Observations:	Face shields should offer a field of vision with a dimension in the central line of, at least, 150 mm vertically once attached to the frame.
Skin protection:	
PPE:	Anti-static protective clothing.
Characteristics:	«CE» marking, category II. Protective clothing should not be too tight or loose in order not to obstruct the user's movements.
CEN standards:	EN 340, EN 1149-1, EN 1149-2, EN 1149-3, EN 1149-5
Maintenance:	In order to guarantee uniform protection, follow the washing and maintenance instructions provided by the manufacturer.
Observations:	The protective clothing should offer a level of comfort in line with the level of protection provided in terms of the hazard against which it protects, bearing in mind environmental conditions, the user's level of activity and the expected time of use.
PPE:	Anti-static safety footwear.
Characteristics:	«CE» marking, category II.
CEN standards:	EN ISO 13287, EN ISO 20344, EN ISO 20346
Maintenance:	The footwear should be checked regularly
Observations:	The level of comfort during use and acceptability are factors that are assessed very differently depending on the user. Therefore, it is advisable to try on different footwear models and, if possible, different widths.

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SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties.
Physical state: Gas - compressed
Colour: Not applicable/Not available due to the nature/properties of the product
Odour: Característico
Odour threshold: Not applicable/Not available due to the nature/properties of the product
Melting point: Not applicable/Not available due to the nature/properties of the product
Freezing point: Not applicable/Not available due to the nature/properties of the product
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range: Not applicable/Not available due to the nature/properties of the product
Flammability: Not applicable/Not available due to the nature/properties of the product
Lower explosion limit: Not applicable/Not available due to the nature/properties of the product
Upper explosion limit: Not applicable/Not available due to the nature/properties of the product
Flash point: -100 ºC
Auto-ignition temperature: Not applicable/Not available due to the nature/properties of the product
Decomposition temperature: Not applicable/Not available due to the nature/properties of the product
pH: Not applicable (Substance/mixture is a gas).
Kinematic viscosity: Not applicable/Not available due to the nature/properties of the product
Solubility: Not applicable/Not available due to the nature/properties of the product
Hydrosolubility: Not applicable/Not available due to the nature/properties of the product
Liposolubility: Not applicable/Not available due to the nature/properties of the product
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value): Not applicable/Not available due to the nature/properties of the product
Vapour pressure: Not applicable/Not available due to the nature/properties of the product
Absolute density: Not applicable/Not available due to the nature/properties of the product
Relative density: Not applicable/Not available due to the nature/properties of the product
Relative vapour density: Not applicable/Not available due to the nature/properties of the product
Particle characteristics: Not applicable/Not available due to the nature/properties of the product

9.2 Other information
Not applicable/Not available due to the nature/properties of the product

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY.

10.1 Reactivity.
If the storage conditions are satisfied, does not produce dangerous reactions.

10.2 Chemical stability.
Stable under the recommended handling and storage conditions (see section 7).

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions.
In use may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture.
Extremely flammable aerosol.
Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

10.4 Conditions to avoid.
Avoid the following conditions:
- High temperature.
- Static discharge.
- Contact with incompatible materials.
- Avoid temperatures near or above the flash point. Do not heat closed containers. Avoid direct sunlight and heat, as these may cause a risk of fire.

10.5 Incompatible materials.
Avoid the following materials:
- Explosives materials.
- Toxic materials.
- Oxidizing materials.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products.
In case of fire, dangerous decomposition products can be generated, such as carbon monoxide and dioxide and nitrogen fumes and oxides.

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SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION.

IRRITANT MIXTURE. Splashes in the eyes can cause irritation.
IRRITANT MIXTURE. The inhalation of spray mist or suspended particulates can irritate the respiratory tract. It can also cause serious respiratory difficulties, central nervous system disorders, and in extreme cases, unconsciousness.

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) Nº 1272/2008.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the product can cause the elimination of oil from the skin, giving rise to non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption of the product through the skin.

Toxicological information about the substances present in the composition.

Name	Acute toxicity			
	Type	Test	Kind	Value
acetone, propan-2-one, propanone CAS No: 67-64-1 EC No: 200-662-2	Oral	LD50	Rat	5800 mg/kg bw [1] [1] Journal of Toxicology and Environmental Health. Vol. 15, Pg. 609, 1985
	Dermal			
	Inhalation			
xylene CAS No: 1330-20-7 EC No: 215-535-7	Oral	LD50	Rat	4300 mg/kg bw [1] [1] AMA Archives of Industrial Health. Vol. 14, Pg. 387, 1956
	Dermal	LD50	Rabbit	> 1700 mg/kg bw [1] [1] Raw Material Data Handbook, Vol.1: Organic Solvents, 1974. Vol. 1, Pg. 123, 1974
	Inhalation	LC50	Rat	21,7 mg/l/4 h [1] [1] Raw Material Data Handbook, Vol.1: Organic Solvents, 1974. Vol. 1, Pg. 123, 1974

a) acute toxicity;
Not conclusive data for classification.

Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE):
Mixtures:
ATE (Dermal) = 110.000 mg/kg

b) skin corrosion/irritation;
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

c) serious eye damage/irritation;
Product classified:
Eye irritation, Category 2: Causes serious eye irritation.

d) respiratory or skin sensitisation;
Not conclusive data for classification.

e) germ cell mutagenicity;
Not conclusive data for classification.

f) carcinogenicity;
Not conclusive data for classification.

g) reproductive toxicity;
Not conclusive data for classification.

h) STOT-single exposure;
Product classified:
Specific target organ toxicity following a single exposure, Category 3: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

i) STOT-repeated exposure;
Not conclusive data for classification.

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j) aspiration hazard;
Not conclusive data for classification.

11.2 Information on other hazards.
Endocrine disrupting properties
This product does not contain components with endocrine-disrupting properties with effects on human health.
Other information
There is no information available on other adverse health effects.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION.

12.1 Toxicity.

Name	Ecotoxicity			
	Type	Test	Kind	Value
acetone, propan-2-one, propanone CAS No: 67-64-1 EC No: 200-662-2	Fish	LC50	Fish	8300 mg/l (96 h) [1] [1] Cairns, J.Jr., and A. Scheier 1968. A Comparison of the Toxicity of Some Common Industrial Waste Components Tested Individually and Combined. Prog.Fish-Cult. 30(1):3-8
	Aquatic invertebrates	LC50	Crustacean	8450 mg/l (48 h) [1] [1] Cowgill, U.M., and D.P. Milazzo 1991. The Sensitivity of Ceriodaphnia dubia and Daphnia magna to Seven Chemicals Utilizing the Three-Brood Test. Arch.Environ.Contam.Toxicol. 20(2):211-217. Canton, J.H., and D.M.M. Adema 1978. Reproducibility of Short-Term and Reproduction Toxicity Experiments with Daphnia magna and Comparison of the Sensitivity of Daphnia magna with Daphnia pulex and Daphnia cucullata in Short-Term Experiments. Hydrobiologia 59(2):135-140 (Used Reference 2018)
	Aquatic plants	EC50	Algae	7200 mg/l (96 h) [1] [1] Slooff, W. 1982. A Comparative Study on the Short-Term Effects of 15 Chemicals on Fresh Water Organisms of Different Tropic Levels. Natl.Tech.Inf.Serv., Springfield, VA :25 p. (DUT) (ENG ABS) (NTIS/PB83-200386)
xylene CAS No: 1330-20-7 EC No: 215-535-7	Fish	LC50	Fish	15,7 mg/l (96 h) [1] [1] Bailey, H.C., D.H.W. Liu, and H.A. Javitz 1985. Time/Toxicity Relationships in Short-Term Static, Dynamic, and Plug-Flow Bioassays. In: R.C.Bahner and D.J.Hansen (Eds.), Aquatic Toxicology and Hazard Assessment, 8th Symposium, ASTM STP 891, Philadelphia, PA :193-212
	Aquatic invertebrates	LC50	Crustacean	8,5 mg/l (48 h) [1] [1] Tatem, H.E., B.A. Cox, and J.W. Anderson 1978. The Toxicity of Oils and Petroleum Hydrocarbons to Estuarine Crustaceans. Estuar.Coast.Mar.Sci. 6(4):365-373. Tatem, H.E. 1975. The Toxicity and Physiological Effects of Oil and Petroleum Hydrocarbons on Estuarine Grass Shrimp Palaemonetes pugio (Holthuis). Ph.D.Thesis, Texas A&M University, College Station, TX :133 p
	Aquatic plants			

12.2 Persistence and degradability.
No information is available regarding the biodegradability of the substances present.
No information is available on the degradability of the substances present.
No information is available about persistence and degradability of the product.

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12.3 Bioaccumulative potential.
Information about the bioaccumulation of the substances present.

Name	Bioaccumulation			
	Log Pow	BCF	NOECs	Level
propane CAS No: 74-98-6 EC No: 200-827-9	2,36	-	-	Low
acetone, propan-2-one, propanone CAS No: 67-64-1 EC No: 200-662-2	-0,24	-	-	Very low
ethyl acetate CAS No: 141-78-6 EC No: 205-500-4	0,73	-	-	Very low
butane CAS No: 106-97-8 EC No: 203-448-7	2,89	-	-	Low
4-hydroxy-4-methylpentan-2-one, diacetone alcohol CAS No: 123-42-2 EC No: 204-626-7	-0,34	-	-	Very low

12.4 Mobility in soil.
No information is available about the mobility in soil.
The product must not be allowed to go into sewers or waterways.
Prevent penetration into the ground.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment.
No information is available about the results of PBT and vPvB assessment of the product.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties.
This product doesn't contain components with environmental endocrine disrupting properties.

12.7 Other adverse effects.
No information is available about other adverse effects for the environment.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS.

13.1 Waste treatment methods.
Do not dump into sewers or waterways. Waste and empty containers must be handled and eliminated according to current, local/national legislation.
Follow the provisions of Directive 2008/98/EC regarding waste management.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION.

Transport following ADR rules for road transport, RID rules for railway, ADN for inner waterways, IMDG for sea, and ICAO/IATA for air transport.
Land: Transport by road: ADR, Transport by rail: RID.
Transport documentation: Consignment note and written instructions
Sea: Transport by ship: IMDG.
Transport documentation: Bill of lading
Air: Transport by plane: ICAO/IATA.
Transport document: Airway bill.

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14.1 UN number or ID number.
UN No: UN1950

14.2 UN proper shipping name.
Description:
ADR/RID: UN 1950, AEROSOLS, 2.1, (D)
IMDG: UN 1950, AEROSOLS, 2.1
ICAO/IATA: UN 1950, AEROSOLS, 2.1

14.3 Transport hazard class(es).
Class(es): 2

14.4 Packing group.
Packing group: Not applicable.

14.5 Environmental hazards.
Marine pollutant: No
Transport by ship, FEm – Emergency sheets (F – Fire, S - Spills): F-D,S-U

14.6 Special precautions for user.
Labels: 2.1

Hazard number: Not applicable.
ADR LQ: 1 L
IMDG LQ: 120 ml
ICAO LQ: Not applicable.

Provisions concerning carriage in bulk ADR: Not authorized carriage in bulk in accordance with ADR.
Proceed in accordance with point 6.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments.
The product is not transported in bulk.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION.

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture.
The product is not affected by the Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 September 2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer.

Volatile organic compound (VOC)
VOC content (p/p): 88 %
VOC content: 574,095 g/l

Product classification according to Annex I of Directive 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III): N/A
The product is not affected by Regulation (EU) No 528/2012 concerning the making available on the market and use of biocidal products.
The product is not affected by the procedure established Regulation (EU) No 649/2012, concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals.

Kind of pollutant to water (Germany): WGK 1: Slightly hazardous to water. (Autoclassified according to the AwSV Regulations)

15.2 Chemical safety assessment.
No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance/mixture by the supplier.

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SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION.

Complete text of the H phrases that appear in section 3:

H220	Extremely flammable gas.
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Classification codes:

Acute Tox. 4 : Acute toxicity (Dermal), Category 4
Acute Tox. 4 : Acute toxicity (Inhalation), Category 4
Aerosol 1 : Flammable aerosol, Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2 : Eye irritation, Category 2
Flam. Gas 1A : Flammable gas, Category 1A
Flam. Liq. 2 : Flammable liquid, Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3 : Flammable liquid, Category 3
Skin Irrit. 2 : Skin irritant, Category 2
STOT SE 3 : Specific target organ toxicity following a single exposure, Category 3

Changes regarding to the previous version:

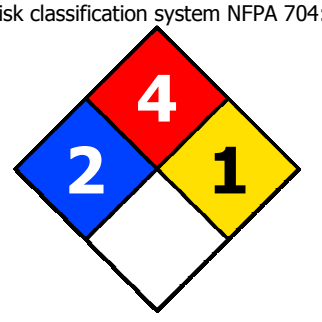
- Change in the hazard classification (SECTION 2.1).
- Changes in the composition of the product (SECTION 3.2).
- Modification in the values of the physical and chemical properties (SECTION 9).
- Modification of the classification ADR/IMDG/ICAO/IATA/RID (SECTION 14).

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

Physical hazards	On basis of test data
Health hazards	Calculation method
Environmental hazards	Calculation method

It is advisable to carry out basic training with regard to health and safety at work in order to handle this product correctly.

Risk classification system NFPA 704:



Health hazard: 2 (Hazardous)

Flammability: 4 (Below 73°F)

Reactivity: 1 (Unstable if heated)

Abbreviations and acronyms used:
ADR/RID: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.
AwSV: Facility Regulations for handling substances that are hazardous for the water.

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BCF: Bioconcentration factor.
CEN: European Committee for Standardization.
DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level, exposure level corresponding to a low risk, that risk should be considered a tolerable minimum.
DNEL: Derived No Effect Level, level of exposure to the substance below which adverse effects are not anticipated.
EC50: Half maximal effective concentration.
PPE: Personal protection equipment.
IATA: International Air Transport Association.
ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization.
IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods.
LC50: Lethal concentration, 50%.
LD50: Lethal dose, 50%.
NOEC: No observed effect concentration.
PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration, concentration of the substance below which adverse effects are not expected in the environmental compartment.
RID: Regulations Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail.
WGK: Water hazard classes.

Key literature references and sources for data:
http://eur-lex.europa.eu/homepage.html
http://echa.europa.eu/
Regulation (EU) 2020/878.
Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006.
Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

The information given in this Safety Data Sheet has been drafted in accordance with COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878 of 18 June 2020 amending Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemical substances and mixtures (REACH).

The information in this Safety Data Sheet on the Preparation is based on current knowledge and on current EC and national laws, as far as the working conditions of the users is beyond our knowledge and control. The product must not be used for purposes other than those that are specified without first having written instructions on how to handle. It is always the responsibility of the user to take the appropriate measures in order to comply with the requirements established by current legislation. The information contained in this Safety Sheet only states a description of the safety requirements for the preparation, and it must not be considered as a guarantee of its properties.

-End of safety data sheet.-